

Premier Miton Worldwide Opportunities Fund

Sterling class B - Accumulation shares

Objective

The objective of the Fund is to provide capital growth over the long-term, being five years or more. Five years is also the minimum recommended period for holding shares in this Fund. This does not mean that the Fund will achieve the objective over this, or any other, specific time period and there is a risk of loss to the original capital invested.

Fund facts

Fund size	£44.4m
Launch dates	Fund - 30 Apr 2003 Share class - 01 May 2003
Fund structure	OEIC
Reporting dates	Final - 30 Jun Interim - 31 Dec
Base currency	GBP
Valuation point	12:00 noon
ISA eligible	Yes

IA Flexible Investment

Performance comparator IA Flexible Investment

Please see page 3 for further information.

Fund managers



Nick Greenwood
Joined Premier Miton
Jul 2002
Manager since
Apr 2003



Joined Premier Miton
Sep 2000
Manager since
Oct 2022

Fund codes

031831133
113
CCBA:LN

Minimums

Initial	Top-up	Withdrawal	Holding
£1,000	£1,000	-	£1,000

Important information: Fund Manager, Nick Greenwood, who has managed the fund since 2003, will be leaving Premier Miton in January 2024. Co-fund manager, Ian Rees, will continue to manage the fund following Nick's departure, supported by the wider multi-manager team.

Investment overview

- A diversified global portfolio which is not reliant on a particular asset class or geographic region.
- Invests in mixed assets, including equities (company shares), private equity,
- commodities, and property.
- Invests in overlooked assets that typically have low correlation to mainstream markets, and as such, is expected to perform differently to the main stock markets.

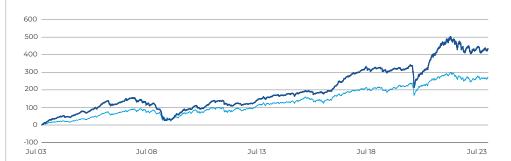
Awards and ratings





Awards and ratings are based on past events and are not an indication of future performance. Ratings are not a recommendation. Please see page 4 for further information.

Performance since fund launch (%)



Cumulative performance (%)	1m	3m	1y	3y	5y	10y	Fund launch
■ Fund	1.29	2.52	-0.15	36.99	26.03	106.97	433.30
Sector	1.79	1.50	1.86	16.55	18.63	67.66	271.92

Calendar year performance (%)	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	YTD
Fund	-5.69	8.69	12.09	20.83	-10.53	1.52
Sector	-6.72	15.66	6.70	11.30	-8.98	3.62

Discrete annual performance (%)				30.07.21 29.07.22	
Fund	0.73	-8.68	45.00	-5.39	-0.15
Sector	4.39	-2.50	19.50	-4.24	1.86

Source: FE Analytics. Based on Sterling class B - Accumulation shares, on a total return basis to 31 July 2023. Performance is shown net of fees with income reinvested. On 30.11.2020, this fund moved from a single pricing basis (mid) to a swing pricing basis.

Risks: The value of investments may fluctuate which will cause fund prices to fall as well as rise and investors may not get the original amount invested. The performance information presented on this page relates to the past. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns. More information about the risks of investment is provided later in this document.

Portfolio breakdown

Top 10 holdings (%)



Georgia Capital	4.6
VinaCapital Vietnam Opportunities	4.1
Yellow Cake	3.8
Oakley Capital Investments	3.6
Vietnam Enterprise Investments	2.9
NB Private Equity Partners	2.4
International Biotechnology Trust	2.4
Aquila European Renewables	2.3
The European Smaller Companies Trust	2.2
Phoenix Spree Deutschland	2.2



Charges

Ongoing charges figure (OCF) 2.08%

as at 30.06.2022

The OCF is based on the last year's expenses and may vary from year to year. It excludes the costs of buying or selling assets for the fund (unless these assets are shares of another fund). The OCF includes the annual management charge. Transaction charges will also apply. Please refer to the total costs & charges document on our website for more information.

Initial charge 1.00%

The initial charge has been waived by Premier Miton until further notice. However, if you have invested via a financial adviser, the initial charge may still apply and be paid to your adviser.

Charges are taken from income

The fund's charges will be taken from income generated by the fund in the form of interest or dividends. If there is not enough income to cover the charges, the rest of the charges will be taken from the fund's capital which could result in capital erosion or constrain capital growth.



Performance comparator

The fund is classified in the IA Flexible Investment sector, which we believe is a

meaningful comparator to help investors assess the performance of the fund.

General risks

Reference to any stock or fund is not a recommendation for investment purposes. All types of investment carry a degree of risk. It is possible you could lose some, or all, of the money you invest. The level of risk varies depending on the type of investment. Typically, you are less likely to lose money over the long term from an investment that is considered low risk, although potential returns may also be lower. Investments considered higher risk typically offer greater opportunities for better long-term returns,

though the risk of losing money is also likely to be higher.

When you invest, it is important that you understand the risk to your money and are comfortable with that level of risk. If you are unsure, we would recommend that you consult a financial adviser.

The value of your investment might not keep up with any rise in the cost of living.

You could lose money if financial markets fall.

There is no guarantee that the investment objective of the fund will be achieved.

The levels of taxation that apply to income or capital gains from the fund, including any tax relief that may be available, will depend on your personal tax situation.

Funds with similar objectives may not perform in the same way as they are likely to have different holdings.

Fund performance will be affected by investment decisions made by the fund manager.

Other risks

Some of the main specific risks of investing in this fund are summarised here. Further detail is available in the prospectus for the fund.

Alternative investments

These typically behave differently to traditional investments such as bonds and equities. They can include a range of assets such as specialist lending, private equity, hedge funds and gold. Adding alternative investments to a portfolio can help to make it more diverse but can also make it more volatile.

Collective investment schemes (funds)

Where other funds are held in a portfolio, or where there is indirect exposure to other funds, these could include higher-risk investments like hedge funds, property funds or commodity funds (e.g. investing in gold, oil), which would increase the overall risk in the fund.

Commodities (including gold)

Commodity prices can fall and rise sharply depending on supply and demand, the economic background and financial market conditions. Exposure will never be direct to any commodity.

Currency

Where investments in a fund are denominated in currencies other than sterling (for example, if a fund holds assets priced in euros), its value will be affected by changes in the relevant exchange rate. Certain other investments, such as the shares in companies with profits from other countries, will also be effected.

Emerging markets

Investments made in bonds, equities or other assets in less-developed countries generally carry higher risk than in developed countries.

Equities

Equities (shares) can experience high levels of price fluctuation.

High volatility

This fund may experience high volatility due to the composition of the portfolio or the portfolio management techniques used.

Inflation

Higher inflation can lead to some investments falling in value, particularly those with a fixed level of interest, for example government bonds and corporate bonds.

Infrastructure

Investments are often in large-scale projects whose profitability can be affected by supply problems or rising prices for raw materials or natural resources. Changes in the wider economy and government regulation can also have a significant influence.

Interest rate

Changes in central bank interest rates can affect all types of assets, in particular, securities such as government bonds and corporate bonds that generally offer a fixed level of interest. If interest rates go up, the value of a bond may fall, and vice versa.

Legal and tax

The income or capital gains from investments can sometimes be affected by changes in legal and tax regulations or how these rules are applied.

Liquidity

In some instances, for example, when market conditions generally are difficult, holdings in a fund may be difficult to sell and buy at the desired price. The fund value could fall as a result.

Operational

Processes, systems and controls around your investment might fail. The more complex or unusual the investments that the fund holds, the more likely this is to happen. For example, developing markets may have less reliable systems or lower standards of governance than more developed markets.

Property and Real Estate Investment Trusts Property values can rise and fall sharply depending on the strength of a country's economy

Smaller companies

Investment in smaller companies is typically higher risk than investment in larger companies. Shares in smaller companies can experience greater levels of volatility.

Unregulated collective investment schemes

These investments can carry additional risks as they are not subject to the same level of regulation as authorised or regulated schemes.

Zero dividend preference shares (ZDPs)

Issued by investment trusts. ZDPs have a maturity date, pay no income but pay a set amount at maturity. Serious falls in market levels can alter their structure and lead to falling values.



Ratings, awards and other information

The methodology and calculations used by the third parties providing the ratings/ awards are not verified by Premier Miton Investors and we are unable to accept responsibility for their accuracy, nor should they be relied upon for making an investment decision.

A swing pricing is where the price can swing to either a bid or an offer basis depending on the investment and redemption activity in the fund. This means the investor selling or buying fund shares bears the associated [dis] investment costs and protects the continuing holders in the fund. Performance could be shown on a combination of bid, mid or offer prices, depending on the period of reporting.

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Glossary

Accumulation shares

A fund may have accumulation and income shares. If an investor selects this share type, any income generated by the fund is automatically reinvested. The amount of the reinvested income is reflected in the increased price of each accumulation share.

ACD

Authorised Corporate Directors (ACDs) are responsible for the running of an investment fund. They have a duty to act in the best interests of the fund's investors, and ensure that the fund is well managed in line with regulations and with the investment objectives and policies set out in its prospectus.

Alternative investments / assets

Typically investments other than the more traditional company shares or bonds which could include, for example, commodities (such as gold), infrastructure, private equity, real estate, and hedge funds. Alternative investments can be useful to help with diversification, as some of them are not expected to perform in the same way as more traditional investments.

Annual management charge (AMC)

The yearly fee paid to Premier Miton for managing a fund, expressed as a percentage of your investment. The AMC does not typically change from year to year.

Assets

Different groups of investments such as company shares, bonds, commodities or property.

Capital

Describes financial assets, particularly cash, or other assets, such as shares, owned by a person or organisation.

Capital growth

The increase in the value of an asset or investment over time, measured by its current value compared to its purchase

Collective Investment Schemes

A generic term for investment funds with more than one investor, such as unit trusts, Open Ended Investment Schemes (OEICs) and investment trusts.

Emerging markets

Countries with less developed financial markets and which are generally considered riskier than investing in developed markets.

Equities

Another name for shares (or stock) in a company.

Investment Association (IA)

The trade association that represents investment management firms in the UK.

IA sectors

To help with comparisons between the thousands of funds available, funds are categorised into different groups or sectors. organised and reviewed by the Investment Association (IA).

IA Flexible Investment sector

The funds in this sector are expected to have a range of different investments. However, the fund manager has significant flexibility over what to invest in. There is no minimum or maximum requirement for investment in company shares (equities) and there is scope for funds to have a high proportion of shares. The manager is accorded a significant degree of discretion

over asset allocation and is allowed to invest up to 100% in equities at their discretion.

- No minimum equity requirement
- No minimum fixed income or cash reauirement

Individual Savings Account (ISA)

A type of tax-free scheme, set up by the government, designed to help people make the most of their savings and investments. All income and gains from an ISA investment are exempt from UK Income Tax and Capital Gains Tax. HM Revenue and Customs sets the maximum amounts that you are allowed to invest into an ISA each tax vear

Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF)

A measure of what it costs to invest in a fund over a year. It includes the fee paid to Premier Miton for the management of the fund (known as the annual management charge), with the remainder covering costs that have to be paid to external companies for other services relating to the ongoing administration and management of a fund, such as the fees paid to the depositary, custodian, regulator, auditor and administrator. The fee is deducted from the value of the fund and reflected in the fund's share price. The OCF is typically calculated once a year and can change from year to vear.

Total return

A way of showing how an investment has performed, and is made-up of the capital appreciation or depreciation and includes any income generated by the investment. Measured over a set period, it is expressed as a percentage of the value of the investment at the start of that period

Contact us

From 9:00am to 5:30pm, Monday to Friday, excluding bank holidays.



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All data is sourced to Premier Miton unless otherwise stated. A free, English language copy of the fund's full prospectus, the Key Investor Information Document and Supplementary Information Document are available on the Premier Miton website, or you can request copies by calling us on 01483 306090.

For your protection, calls may be monitored and recorded for training and quality assurance purposes

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